

Chance constraint optimization of a complex system - Application to the design of a floating offshore wind turbine

ALEXIS COUSIN
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Abstract:

Floating offshore wind turbines present many advantages but a major limitation is their cost. The work of this thesis is to find a design that minimizes the cost of the anchoring system [1]. To be acceptable, the design must respect certain standards ensuring the reliability of the structure. Specifically, the anchoring system must restrain the movement of the floating platform to allow the wind turbine to run properly, avoid compression in the mooring lines and withstand the damage caused by fatigue. All these constraints inherit the random characteristic of the marine conditions, of the material properties, and of the installation configuration. Therefore, we face an optimization problem with a deterministic cost function and three probabilistic constraints. Having to evaluate the failure probabilities at each loop of the optimization algorithm is the main difficulty of this type of problem. A second difficulty arises with the nature of the environmental conditions involved in our constraints : a piecewise stationary process models the sea elevation for different sea states. A naïve approach such as the Monte Carlo method requires computing with a time consuming simulator, many realizations of quantities such as the pitch, the tension and the fatigue to calculate each failure probability. Unfortunately, the computation cost of a single realization of these objects is too high to apply such basic approaches.

We propose a methodology that takes into account the nature of the constraints to solve the problem in a reasonable time. First, we use a frequency approach for the fatigue constraint and the Extreme Value Theory [2] for the other two constraints to formulate an equivalent problem but easier to solve.

We propose to tackle this latter problem with the contribution of an adaptive Kriging coupled with the Monte Carlo method [3, 4]. To test this approach, we have applied it to an academic case with the same properties as the real wind turbine problem and the results are promising.

References

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Short biography – Alexis Cousin got a Master’s Degree from University of Paris-Saclay in modeling and numerical simulation. He is currently a second year PhD student. This thesis, funded by IFP Énergies Nouvelles, focuses on a Reliability-Based Design Optimization problem applied to the design of an offshore wind turbine.